

# IL SIMPLE PAST



passato

presente

futuro

E' un **TEMPO SEMPLICE** (UN verbo solo, coniugato)

Serve per parlare di **AZIONI AVVENUTE NEL PASSATO e CONCLUSE** (cinque minuti fa, ieri, l'anno scorso per esempio)

Con questo tempo puoi tradurre 3 tempi italiani:

I PLAYED :      io GIOCAVO (indicativo imperfetto)  
                    io HO GIOCATO (indicativo passato prossimo)  
                    io GIOCAI (indicativo passato remoto)

Trasformare un verbo **REGOLARE** è FACILE

Soggetto + prendi il verbo + aggiungi **ED**

es. WALK (camminare) → WALKED  
      START (iniziare) → STARTED

Questo vale per **TUTTE LE PERSONE**

I walked	Io <b>ho camminato /camminavo / camminai</b>
you walked	tu <b>hai camminato /camminavi / camminasti</b>
he walked	egli <b>ha camminato / camminava / camminò</b>
she walked	ella <b>ha camminato / camminava / camminò</b>
it walked	esso <b>ha camminato / camminava / camminò</b>
we walked	noi <b>abbiamo camminato / camminavamo / camminammo</b>
you walked	voi <b>avete camminato / camminavate / camminaste</b>
they walked	essi <b>hanno camminato / camminavano / camminarono</b>

La scelta del tempo verbale italiano può dipendere da esigenze di racconto, o dalla nostra provenienza geografica. Quello che conta veramente è soltanto l'esigenza espressiva inglese: se l'azione **è finita** da tanto, o poco, si deve usare il SIMPLE PAST.

Avverbi e descrittori temporali importanti nella corretta scelta del tempo sono.

**AGO** (fa): He woke up 5 minutes ago (si è svegliato cinque minuti fa)

**LAST** (lo scorso): they went to the mountains last September (sono andati in montagna lo scorso Settembre)

**YESTERDAY**: ieri

**IN** (in / nel) + una data passata: I saw this movie in 1998 (ho visto questo film nel 1998)

## FORMA NEGATIVA

Per fare **NEGAZIONI** con il SIMPLE PAST

Soggetto + **DIDN'T** (forma abbreviata di **DID NOT**) + verbo alla forma base

io **non** ho camminato → I **DIDN'T** walk

tu **non** hai parlato → you **DIDN'T** speak

Anche questa regola vale per tutte le persone

I **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

You **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

he **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

she **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

it **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

we **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

you **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

they **DIDN'T** eat spaghetti

io **NON** ho mangiato spaghetti

tu **NON** hai mangiato spaghetti

egli **NON** ha mangiato spaghetti

ella **NON** ha mangiato spaghetti

esso **NON** ha mangiato spaghetti

noi **NON** abbiamo mangiato spaghetti

voi **NON** avete mangiato spaghetti

essi **NON** hanno mangiato spaghetti

## FORMA INTERROGATIVA

Per fare **DOMANDE** con il SIMPLE PAST

Devi solo mettere **DID** davanti al soggetto, lasciando il verbo alla forma base

**DID** + soggetto + verbo alla forma base

**DID** you go to school? → Sei andato a scuola?

**DID** you have breakfast? → Hai fatto colazione?

Questa regola vale per tutte le persone:

<b>DID</b> I play football?	Ho giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> you play football?	Hai giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> he play football?	Ha giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> she play football?	Ha giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> it play football?	Ha giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> we play football?	Abbiamo giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> you play football?	Avete giocato a calcio?
<b>DID</b> they play football?	Hanno giocato a calcio?

I verbi **IRREGOLARI** vanno invece studiati a memoria (vedi tabella sotto)

Ci sono tre voci da studiare (infinito, simple past, e participio passato). A noi, ORA, serve solo la colonna di mezzo, ma è meglio studiare tutte e tre le voci, da che si fa lo sforzo.

Sono irregolari **solo alla FORMA AFFERMATIVA**.

Alla forma **INTERROGATIVA** e **NEGATIVA** si comportano normalmente perché vanno (vedi spiegazione sopra) alla **FORMA BASE**.

Esempio di verbo regolare: Start

FORMA AFFERMATIVA	FORMA INTERROGATIVA	FORMA NEGATIVA
I started	Did I start ?	I didn't start
You started	Did you start?	You didn't start
He started	Did he start?	He didn't start
She started	Did she start?	She didn't start
It started	Did it start?	It didn't start
We started	Did we start?	We didn't start
You started	Did you start?	You didn't start
They started	Did they start?	They didn't start

Esempio del verbo irregolare GO

FORMA AFFERMATIVA	FORMA INTERROGATIVA	FORMA NEGATIVA
I went	Did I go?	I did not go
You went	Did you?	You did not go
He went	Did he go?	He did not go
She went	Did she go?	She did not go
It went	Did it go?	It did not go
We went	Did we go?	We did not go
You went	Did you go?	You did not go
They went	Did they go?	They did not go

## VARIANTI ORTOGRAFICHE

- . Se un verbo termina con la lettera “E”, aggiunge solo la “D”

Dance → Danced

- . Se un verbo termina con la lettera “Y”, si guarda la lettera che la precede

preceduta da vocale → aggiunge ED

preceduta da consonante → la “Y” cade e diventa “IED”

play → played

Study → studied

Esempio di coniugazione verbo che finisce in E: dance

FORMA AFFERMATIVA	FORMA INTERROGATIVA	FORMA NEGATIVA
I danced	Did I dance?	I didn't dance
You danced	Did you dance?	You didn't dance
He danced	Did he dance?	He didn't dance
She danced	Did she dance?	She didn't dance
It danced	Did it dance?	It didn't dance
We danced	Did we dance?	We didn't dance
You danced	Did you dance?	You didn't dance
They danced	Did they dance?	They didn't dance

Esempio di coniugazione verbo che finisce in Y: play

FORMA AFFERMATIVA	FORMA INTERROGATIVA	FORMA NEGATIVA
I played	Did I play?	I didn't play
You played	Did you play?	You didn't play
He played	Did he play?	He didn't play
She played	Did she play?	She didn't play
It played	Did it play?	It didn't play
We played	Did we play?	We didn't play
You played	Did you play?	You didn't play
They played	Did they play?	They didn't play

4 List of irregular verbs

<i>infinitive</i>	<i>past simple</i>	<i>past participle</i>
be	was/were	been
beat	beat	beaten
become	became	become
begin	began	begun
bend	bent	bent
bet	bet	bet
bite	bit	bitten
blow	blew	blown
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
build	built	built
burst	burst	burst
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
cost	cost	cost
cut	cut	cut
deal	dealt	dealt
dig	dug	dug
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feed	fed	fed
feel	felt	felt
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
forbid	forbade	forbidden
forget	forgot	forgotten
forgive	forgave	forgiven
freeze	froze	frozen
get	got	got
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
grow	grew	grown
hang	hung	hung
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hide	hid	hidden
hit	hit	hit
hold	held	held
hurt	hurt	hurt
keep	kept	kept
know	knew	known
lay	laid	laid
lead	led	led
leave	left	left
lend	lent	lent
let	let	let
lie	lay	lain
light	lit	lit

<i>infinitive</i>	<i>past simple</i>	<i>past participle</i>
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
mean	meant	meant
meet	met	met
pay	paid	paid
put	put	put
read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
ride	rode	ridden
ring	rang	rung
rise	rose	risen
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
seek	sought	sought
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
set	set	set
sew	sewed	sewn/sewed
shake	shook	shaken
shine	shone	shone
shoot	shot	shot
show	showed	shown
shrink	shrank	shrunk
shut	shut	shut
sing	sang	sung
sink	sank	sunk
sit	sat	sat
sleep	slept	slept
speak	spoke	spoken
spend	spent	spent
split	split	split
spread	spread	spread
spring	sprang	sprung
stand	stood	stood
steal	stole	stolen
stick	stuck	stuck
sting	stung	stung
stink	stank	stunk
strike	struck	struck
swear	swore	sworn
sweep	swept	swept
swim	swam	swum
swing	swung	swung
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tear	tore	torn
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
understand	understood	understood
wake	woke	woken
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written